TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF MOTOR VEHICLES

LEGISLATIVE AND PUBLIC AFFAIRS COMMITTEE MEETING

William B. Travis Building 1701 N. Congress Avenue Room 1-111 Austin, Texas 78701

Wednesday, February 9, 2022 2:00 p.m.

COMMITTEE MEMBERS:

Paul Scott, Chair Christian Alvarado Tammy McRae Manuel "Manny" Ramirez (absent)

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CLOSI	The Committee may enter into closed session no under one or more of the following provisions of the Texas Open Meetings Act, Government Code Chapter 551: • Section 551.071 • Section 551.074 • Section 551.076 • Section 551.089	one
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PROCEEDINGS

MR. SCOTT: Good afternoon. My name is Paul Scott, and I'm pleased to open the Legislative and Public Affairs Committee meeting of the Board of the Texas Department of Motor Vehicles.

It is now 2:00 p.m., and I'm now calling the board meeting for February 9, 2022 to order. I want to note for the record that the public notice of this meeting, containing all items on the agenda, was filed with the Office of Secretary of State on February 1, 2022.

I want to welcome those who are with us at today's committee meeting. Face coverings and social distancing are not required at this meeting, and each individual attending the meeting has the right and the responsibility to decide for themselves based on their personal circumstances. It is your choice, and you are welcome here at this meeting of the TxDMV.

Before we begin today's meeting, please place all cell phones and other communication devices in a silent mode, and please, as a courtesy to others, do not carry on side conversations or other activities in the meeting room.

If you wish to address the Board or speak on an agenda item during today's meeting, please complete a speaker's sheet at the registration table or send an email

to GCO_general@TxDMV.gov. Please identify in your email the specific item you are interested in commenting on, your name and address, and whether you are representing anyone or speaking for yourself. If your comment does not pertain to a specific agenda item, we will take your comment during the general public comment portion of the meeting.

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In accordance with department administrative rule, comments to the board will be limited to three minutes. To assist each speaker, a timer has been provided. The timer light will be green for the first two minutes, yellow for one minute, and then red when your time is over. Individuals cannot accumulate time from other speakers. Comments should be pertinent to the issues stated on the comment sheet. When addressing the Board, please state your name and affiliation for the record.

There are a few things that will assist in making the meeting run smoother and assist the court reporter in getting an accurate record: please identify yourself before speaking, speak clearly, do not speak over others, and please ask the chairman to proceed and be sure to get recognized before speaking.

I would also like to thank our court reporter who is transcribing this meeting.

To make sure we have an accurate recording of 1 2 this meeting, it is very important that Board members and 3 anyone presenting today identify themselves before 4 speaking and speak clearly and slowly. 5 Before we begin today, I will remind all 6 presenters and those in attendance of the rules of conduct 7 at our Board meetings. In the department's rules Section 8 206.22, the Board chair is given authority to supervise 9 the conduct of meetings. This includes the authority to 10 determine when a speaker is being disruptive of the meeting or is otherwise violating the timing or 11

The posted agenda stated that a quorum of the Board may be present at this meeting; however, Board members who are not members of the Legislative and Public Affairs Committee will not vote on any committee agenda items today, nor will any Board action be taken.

And now I'd like to have roll call of the Board members. Please respond verbally when I call your name.

Member Alvarado, are you here?

MR. ALVARADO: Here.

presentation rules I just discussed.

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MR. SCOTT: Member McRae?

MS. McRAE: Here.

 $$\operatorname{MR.}$$ SCOTT: And let the record reflect that I, Paul Scott, am here too. We have a quorum.

Also, let the record reflect that Member Ramirez is absent today.

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Next item, we will do the pledges of allegiance to the U.S. and Texas flags. Member Alvarado will lead us in the pledges.

(The pledges of allegiance, U.S. and Texas, were recited.)

MR. SCOTT: Thank you, Member Alvarado, for leading us in the pledges.

We will now move to item 3. Agenda item number 3 is comments and announcements from the committee chair, committee members and executive director. We move to agenda item 3, comments and announcements, and at this time I will turn it over to Acting Executive Director Shelly Mellott regarding the Customer Service Advisory Committee update.

MS. MELLOTT: Thank you, Chairman Scott.

For the record, my name is Shelly Mellott. I am the deputy executive director of the agency and currently acting as the executive director. Appreciate the time to share a few things with you this afternoon.

First off, I'd like to give you an update on the meetings we've had with the Customer Service Advisory Committee, otherwise known as CSAC, as everybody likes to call it. The materials can be found on page 5 of your

Legislative and Public Affairs Committee book.

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On November 17, 2021, the Customer Service

Advisory Committee conducted a meeting to discuss cost reduction measures for limited service deputies. Vehicle Titles and Registration staff provided a committee with an overview of the various types of deputies, deputy requirements, bond requirements and examples of burdensome overhead costs identified by limited service deputies.

A second CSAC meeting was conducted on December 13, and VTR provided an overview of statistical data for limited service deputies by county and potential cost reduction efforts.

Representatives from Kroger and HEB provided information on overhead costs, inconsistencies across the various counties where registration renewals are completed, and shared information related to their limited service deputy experiences. The representatives also answered questions from the committee members.

John Ames, the CSAC presiding officer, suggested that the tax assessor-collectors meet to discuss ways to improve consistency between the counties and develop a best practice guide to alleviate some oversight burdens on those limited service deputies who operate in more than one county.

Agency personnel has had further meetings with

the Tax Assessor-Collector Association leadership to 1 discuss the best practices quide and to offer resources as needed by the TACA leadership to develop the guide. 3 That concludes my update on the CSAC committee. 4 5 Are there any questions? 6 (No response.) 7 MR. SCOTT: Okay. Being no questions, we'll move on to agenda item 3.B regarding the Texas by Texas 8 9 deployment update. 10 Shelly. MS. MELLOTT: Thank you. 11 12 Again, my name is Shelly Mellott, deputy 13 executive director, for the record. 14 The Texas by Texas deployment update, you can 15 find the materials on page 6 of your committee book. 16 To update you on our communication efforts, we 17 began communicating to the public about the Texas by Texas project on Monday, January 31, when the Department of 18 19 Information Resources started their media campaign. 20 This campaign included a multi-agency press release and links to prerecorded videos summarizing the 21 22 benefits of the Texas by Texas platform and mobile 2.3 application. 24 The agencies represented in the press release

are the Texas Department of Information Resources, which

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is the lead agency on this project; the Texas Department of Public Safety, Texas Department of Licensing and Regulation, and the Texas Department of Motor Vehicles.

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The department is the first Texas state agency to provide such broad access to an essential service via mobile application, as the Texas Department of Public Safety and the Texas Department of Licensing and Regulation provide services through the Texas by Texas website only.

Motorists can access the TxDMV's registration renewal services using both the Texas by Texas website and the mobile application. Offering mobile services allows us to position ourselves for the future and to give our customers more options to consume our services.

With this goal in mind, our communication strategy focused on utilizing our social media channels to promote the efforts of the marketing campaign which is overseen by the Department of Information Resources.

Part of the marketing campaign, commercials for Texas by Texas, will air on the television and radio. And if you follow the Texas Department of Motor Vehicles on social media, as mentioned, you will notice us retweeting and reposting advertisements to help raise awareness of Texas by Texas and to encourage motorists to sign up for an account.

That concludes my updates. Are there any questions from the Board members on Texas by Texas?

(No response.)

MR. SCOTT: Okay. Since we have no questions, we'll move to the next agenda item. This agenda item is a briefing from Keith Yawn on the legislative implementation.

Keith.

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MR. YAWN: Chair Scott, members, Director

Mellott, good afternoon. My name is Keith Yawn, director

of Government and Strategic Communications.

Agenda item 4.A is a status update of the implementation of principal pieces of legislation passed by the 87th Legislature to amend department operations.

We are tracking progress on implementation of 27 House and Senate bills, and I'm pleased to report that the department has materially completed 16 of those, with nine others underway and two on hold for reasons outside the department's control.

Your Board books contain a one-page summary of each bill and its implementation status. The packet is ordered by bill number for easy reference. I will be highlighting specific higher profile bills for this presentation and will start each overview with the page number of the bill summary to assist you in following

along. Please let me know if you have any questions as we move through these items.

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On page 17 of your Board book you'll find a summary of House Bill 2152. House Bill 2152 allows an online vehicle registration renewal option to a Texas DMV customer that is otherwise eligible to renew their vehicle registration.

Previously a person could renew vehicle registrations online for up to six months past their registration expiration. This is now extended to a full year. This option became available in December with the required reprogramming of the Internet Vehicle and Titles Registration Service, or IVTRS, by the Information Technology Division and the support from Vehicle Titles and Registration.

The summary for Senate Bill 792 can be found on page 28. Senate Bill 792 requires vehicles to display the International Symbol of Access, or ISA, on a license plate or placard when using disabled parking.

Previously disabled veteran plates with the ISA were allowed to make use of disabled parking. Disabled veterans who meet the ISA requirements for mobility impairments are now able to obtain DV plates with the ISA designation.

The Board adopted rules to implement these

provisions prior to the December 1 bill requirement, and the bill took effect on January 1. Texas DMV has released commumnications, updated educational materials, and participated in media interactions to help support public awareness of this legislative policy change.

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House Bill 2633 on page 18 was the outcome of omnibus legislation to prevent human trafficking in the state. The bill held two requirements for Texas DMV.

First, the department was instructed to direct a person to the opportunity to donate to the Traffic of Persons Program Fund during vehicle registration or renewal. A link to donate to this program is available on the Texas DMV website now, and the link is also included in an update released to IVTRS this month.

The second requirement for Texas DMV was the creation of a specialty license plate promoting the prevention of human trafficking. The Texas Health and Human Services Commission is currently sponsoring a public competition for the plate design based on Texas DMV provided design parameters. Following the selection of a design and the receipt of the required plate production deposit, the department will make the plate available to the public.

On page 35 you'll find a summary for Senate
Bill 1815. Senate Bill 1815 was a statutory clean-up bill

to ensure alignment of state vehicle size and weight standards with federal requirements.

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I highlight this bill because it was a recommendation of the Board and shows the positive impact of the Board's impact to inform the legislature of these statutory changes. As statutory clean-up legislation, this bill did not require active implementation by the department.

Additionally, the department implemented seven bills creating new specialty license plates, many related to military designations or recognitions. These plates were made available in December and included designs for the Borinqueneers Congressional Gold Medal, Presidential Service Badge, Make-a-Wish Foundation, Army Special Forces, Autism Awareness, Navy Submariners, and the Family First initiative. Several of the military-related plates are also available with disabled veteran designations.

Unfortunately, the department was unable to obtain authorization from the United States Navy for the use of the Navy SEALS name and the Special Warfare insignia on a state license plate; therefore, the plate authorized by House Bill 3401 has not been produced and made available to Texans at this time.

I'd also like to mention a couple of the bills that the agency is continuing to work to implement.

A summary of Senate Bill 876 can be found on page 30 of your board book. Senate Bill 876 allows customers to apply for vehicle title or registration with any county tax assessor-collector who is willing to accept the application. This process is referred to as Any Willing County.

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The Texas DMV Customer Service Advisory

Committee considered the implementation plan for this

legislation last September and draft rules were published

in November. The Board will consider final adoption of

the rules tomorrow. The legislation takes effect March 1.

In the last several days, the Comptroller of Public Accounts policy tax counsel notified Texas DMV that the provision of the legislation directing tax revenue from transactions back to the county of residence may not be supported by existing tax code.

Therefore, the 5 percent of tax and penalties initially intended to be returned to the county of residence will remain in the county processing the transaction. This determination and the related processes are managed by the Comptroller and not up to Texas DMV staff. Our staff has confirmed that the change would not delay our ability to implement the legislation by the effective date.

I believe there will be more discussion of this

issue during the full Board meeting tomorrow, but we do have staff from the Vehicle Titles and Registration

Division available to take questions if there are any at this time.

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Senate Bill 15, on page 26, makes multiple changes to how and under what circumstances Texas DMV makes department-maintained motor vehicle data available to external entities. The bill redefines authorized recipients and creates certain requirements of the recipients upon receipt of data.

Texas DMV published an informal request for comment on associated draft rules in mid December. The department received comments from various groups, individuals, industry, and law enforcement agencies, which will assist staff in further development of this rule language prior to formal posting and consideration by the Texas DMV Board.

As you can see from this packet, there are numerous other bills the department has implemented or is in the process of implementing, not the least of which is House Bill 3927, which expanded the department's ability to regulate and enforce temporary tag production and use.

While the department and Board have been addressing the issue of fraudulent temporary tags and their public safety impact, hopefully this agenda item is

a timely reminder that staff have also continued to 1 2 accomplish the many other tasks required to meet the needs 3 of the motoring public. 4 I'd be happy to take any questions you have. 5 (No response.) 6 MR. SCOTT: Okay. No questions apparently, so 7 we'll move to agenda item 4.B. 8 MR. YAWN: Thank you. 9 Chair Scott, members, Director Mellott, Keith 10 Yawn, director of Government and Strategic Communications. 11 Agenda item B is an overview of the upcoming schedule to identify, analyze, and approve policy 12 1.3 recommendations for consideration by the 88th Texas 14 Legislature in January 2023. 15 The Texas Legislature relies on state agencies 16 and other organizations with subject matter expertise to 17 support their work to pass legislation improving the efficiency and impact of state operations. 18 19 This support is provided during a legislative 20 session in an agency's analysis and testimony on legislation but also in advance of the session by helping 21 22 identify ideas that will become filed legislation. 2.3 While it may seem early to begin this 24 discussion, it can take time to collect the appropriate

ideas from our various stakeholders and properly vet their

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legal, operational, and financial impact so we have a clear understanding of the policies recommended.

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We are beginning the process of identifying ideas for statutory change this month through discussions with internal staff and stakeholder groups. We also encourage Board members to suggest ideas throughout this process.

Government and Strategic Communications staff will support a multi-divisional effort to collect ideas and review their potential impacts throughout the spring, creating a prioritized list of ideas.

It is important during this process to vet the issues as thoroughly as possible to limit surprises in later stages. Part of this process will also be to work with the Motor Vehicle Crime Prevention Authority staff and their board to identify the statutory needs related to those programs.

We hope to bring the Board an initial slate of potential recommendations for review and feedback in the early summer. After receiving Board input on the ideas, we will further refine them and bring a final list of recommendations to the Board for approval at the end of the summer.

While this is an aggressive schedule, the timing should allow us to use the months leading into

1	January 2023 to educate legislative and elected official
2	offices on the statutory needs of the department.
3	I can take any questions you have on this item.
4	MR. SCOTT: Board members, any questions?
5	(No response.)
6	MR. SCOTT: Do we have any public comments on
7	this agenda item?
8	MS. AUCOIN: Aline Aucoin, for the record,
9	associate general counsel for DMV.
10	No comments on this agenda item.
11	MR. SCOTT: Thank you.
12	Okay. We'll move to agenda item 4.C, and we
13	need Monique Johnston and Brian Ge.
14	MS. JOHNSTON: Chair Scott, members, Director
15	Mellott, good afternoon. For the record, my name is
16	Monique Johnston. I'm the director of the Motor Vehicle
17	Division, or MVD.
18	The purpose of this briefing is to provide you
19	with the background information on the Motor Vehicle
20	Industry Regulation Advisory Committee, or the MVIRAC, and
21	their recommendation to fingerprint all independent
22	general distinguishing number, or GDN, holders. The
23	briefing memorandum is on page 39 of your Board book of
24	your material.
25	At the December 16, 2021, meeting, MVIRAC

recommended that the department fingerprint all GDN holders to help deter temporary tag fraud and to deter those who are attempting to obtain a license with stolen identities.

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Implementing this recommendation would allow the department to more effectively screen approximately 83 percent of license holders, including non-franchised motor vehicle, motorcycle, towables, travel trailer, utility trailer, and semi trailer dealers.

Fingerprinting offers a more comprehensive and accurate identity and criminal history search of the Department of Public Safety, or DPS, and the Federal Bureau of Investigation, or FBI, databases.

Fingerprints would be collected through the DPS authorized service and would require the individual to be present and show identification prior to having their fingerprints taken and scanned.

The authorized service provider has a large national network of locations and can coordinate electronic and card-based fingerprinting services when necessary for persons that are located in remote locations of the state. Applicants would pay the service provider directly for the fingerprinting service, and the current cost of that service is \$38.25 per person.

The department is eligible also to enroll

fingerprinted persons in the FBI Rap Back Service, so individuals would only be required to provide fingerprints once if an associated license is approved and continues to be timely renewed. Once enrolled, the department would be notified of any changes in criminal history.

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The eLICENSING system application process will need to be modified, and a decision will need to be made about whether to store related information in eLICENSING or another database that meets the security standards of DPS.

In addition to temporary tag abuse, the department is also concerned about other serious disqualifying crimes, such as human trafficking, illegal drug and gun distribution.

MVD currently performs background checks for all owners, managers, directors, officers, members or partners listed in each application for all license types. In the last five years the distributor license is the only license type that has not required at least one applicant criminal history review by the MVD Licensing Committee, and distributors represent less than one-half of one percent of all license holders.

So in addition to MVIRAC's recommendation, the committee may also want to consider whether fingerprinting requirements should apply to all license types or all

license types with eTAG access. The chart on page 40 of your materials summarizes the license holder impacts for these different policy approaches to fingerprinting.

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In addition to conducting the current background checks, MVD staff also reviews each application in detail and includes a variety of identity affiliation and location checks to identify possible issues.

Some of the standards checks include checking other applications or licenses, including previous disciplinary history or concerns, checking for license conflicts related to proposed locations for those dealerships, checking for possible affiliation with other individuals who may have been deemed unfit to hold a license, review of business names and ownership and comparing that to the Secretary of State, if applicable, and reviewing the proposed location through Google Maps and other searches.

We also compare those searches to the required business photos that are submitted as part of the application. Thorough review of all the required documentation, such as the lease, the surety bond, photo identification, and certificate of occupancy are also done as part of these checks.

In 2021 the division implemented several other actions to improve pre-licensing procedures. Some of

those changes included verifying the county appraisal records that match the owner listed on the deed or lease that has been provided as part of the application. If this did not match, we would require a notarized statement from the owner, from the property owner in the CAD record if they were not a party on the lease.

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Requiring applicants to verify proposed business locations meet all the applicable city ordinances, and finding all associated accounts and specific addresses for additional review based on any concerns come up during the process.

We also require a notarized premise affidavit and additional business photos for new applicants and those who are relocating.

Additional enhancements were also identified by the division which may require rule changes. These include, but are not limited to: requiring photo identification for all authorized representatives listed on the application, and performing background checks for all of those individuals; requiring that the eTAG administrator be the owner or manager listed on the application and not just any authorized representative; requiring more than one valid form of identification; and as discussed in this briefing, implementing a fingerprint requirement as part of the pre-licensing process.

Members, this concludes my remarks, and I'm 1 2 happy to answer any questions. Thank you. 3 MR. SCOTT: Do we have any questions from the Board members? 4 5 (No response.) 6 MS. JOHNSTON: Thank you. 7 MR. SCOTT: Okay. Are there any public 8 commenters signed up for this agenda item? 9 MS. AUCOIN: For the record, Aline Aucoin. 10 No comments on this agenda item. MR. SCOTT: Okay. Next up we have Brian. 11 12 MR. GE: Good afternoon, Mr. Chairman, members, 13 Ms. Mellott. My name is Brian Ge, and I'm the managing 14 attorney for the Enforcement Division. 15 Agenda item 4.C, which can be found starting on 16 page 41 of your Board book, is a briefing about MVIRAC's 17 recommendation for the department to conduct in-person, on-site premise inspections for motor vehicle dealer 18 19 applications. 20 When MVIRAC met on December 16, 2021, the 21 committee recommended that the department conduct premise 22 inspections for all non-franchised GDN holders prior to 2.3 them being issued a license. 24 The purpose of these inspections would be to 25 make sure that the applicant can operate at the location

that they indicated on their application and that the location actually meets the minimum requirements to be a motor vehicle dealership location.

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So in order to get an idea of how many resources we would need to make this happen, we looked at the Motor Vehicle Division's fiscal year '21 application data to set a baseline.

The number of applications over the past three fiscal years has steadily been increasing, so this is really just an estimate of a forward number. We saw in fiscal year '21 that MVD approved almost 4,000 new applications, almost 10,000 application renewals, and about 2,400 amendments, spanning almost every county in the state.

In order to conduct premise inspections of all of these locations, we would need investigators and vehicles staged across the state, and they would need additional support back in Austin.

So if we're just looking at new applications, to do that we would visit almost 4,000 locations; we would have investigators go out. About 70 percent of those applications would happen in the Dallas, Houston, and Austin metroplexes, but the other 30 percent are scattered throughout the state, and as you know, the state is large.

To visit all these locations on a timely

basis -- and we're talking about just the 4,000 new applicants -- we would need about 14 additional investigators, and to support those 14 investigators we would need a supervisor and an attorney, and about 11 vehicles for those 14 people. The salary needed to support those 16 FTEs would be approximately \$900,000 per year, with a one-time cost of approximately \$275,000 for vehicles.

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Now, if we wanted to expand the number of inspections to new applications and renewals, which we may want to do because we want to make sure that dealers that are renewing their licenses are actually still operating at their licensed location and that their licensed location still meets minimum requirements, to do those we would visit almost 14,000 locations.

To visit those locations we would need about 20 investigators, another supervisor, two attorneys, and 13 vehicles. The salary cost for those 23 FTEs would be approximately \$1.3 million per year with a one-time cost of about \$325,000 for the vehicles.

And finally, if we wanted to do a premise inspection for every new application, every renewal application, and every amendment -- and the majority of amendments are for changes to DBAs and locations -- then that number of visits would get up to about 16,000.

To visit 16,000 locations in one year we would need about 24 investigators, two supervisors to look after those investigators, two attorneys to process all the cases that would result from those inspections, and about 20 vehicles. The salary cost for those 28 FTEs would be approximately \$1.57 million per year, with a one-time cost of half a million dollars for the vehicles.

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So all in, to implement the site visit recommendations from MVIRAC, we're looking at a salary cost of between 1 and \$2 million per year, with between 14 and almost 30 FTEs, and with each year -- like I said before, we expect more and more applications, so with each year there would either be a marginal increase in cost or a slightly increased delay in the time that it takes to process applications.

I'm happy to take any questions.

MR. SCOTT: Board members, any questions?

MS. McRAE: I have a question, Brian.

The last comment you made was, or there could be a potential delay in approving applications. Could you expand on that? What do you mean by there could be a potential delay?

MR. GE: So if we're setting the salary and/or the FTE expectations at a certain level and the number of applications coming in exceeds that level, we still have

only so many people that can visit so many sites, so in 1 2 order to do it on a timely basis we would either need more 3 FTEs, or to accommodate everyone with the resources that 4 we have, it could take a little bit more time. 5 MS. McRAE: Okay. Thank you. 6 MR. SCOTT: When you say a little more time, 7 Brian, on average what is our time now? MR. GE: Well, we've never done this. 8 9 MR. SCOTT: No. We don't have on-site, but 10 without the on-site inspection, what is the timeline for 11 an approval process? 12 MS. JOHNSTON: For a GDN application the 13 average approximate time was about 16 days. 14 MR. SCOTT: Okay. 15 MS. McRAE: And I have a question, Chairman. 16 MR. SCOTT: Ms. McRae. I'm not sure who to address it to 17 MS. McRAE: but one of you. Currently do we visit any -- our current 18 19 process, do we visit any of these new applicants? 20 MS. JOHNSTON: Monique Johnston, for the 21 record. 22 Yes, we do. If we cannot verify a premise 2.3 through photographs or in our Google searches, or there 24 was previous concerns about a location, then we do request

that Enforcement go out and conduct a site visit.

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1	Or if there's affiliation maybe with a
2	potential dealer which we have maybe revoked or have
3	concerns with and it's at the same location or there is an
4	identified we've identified an affiliation, we might
5	also send Enforcement out in those cases as well.
6	MS. McRAE: Okay. And approximately how many
7	have we conducted this year or we're early in this
8	year, so in '21?
9	MS. JOHNSTON: On the application side I don't
10	have a number, but I can get that for you and get that
11	information for you.
12	MS. McRAE: Okay. Thank you.
13	MR. SCOTT: Any other questions from the Board?
14	(No response.)
15	MR. SCOTT: Do we have any public comment on
16	this item?
17	MS. AUCOIN: Aline Aucoin, for the record.
18	No comments on this item.
19	MR. SCOTT: Okay. Thank you very much, Brian.
20	Thank you, Monique.
21	Okay. Let's go to item 4.D and Roland Luna.
22	This is enhancements to temporary tags.
23	MR. LUNA: Good afternoon, Chair Scott,
24	members, Director Mellott. My name is Roland Luna, Sr.
25	I'm the Vehicle Titles and Registration Division director.

Today I will be briefing you on potential enhancements to the temporary tags. This is item 4.D in your Board book.

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The purpose of the briefing today is to provide an overview of three items. The first item is we're going to talk about the development of enhancements related to the temporary tag system.

The second item that we're going to talk about is research and analysis that we've conducted both internally of our systems across divisions, as well as external research and analysis that we've conducted.

And then lastly, we'll provide an overview of the AAMVA best practices guide for temporary license plates. That document is a PDF that has been included in your Board book. Specifically, we will focus on Section 4.1, 4.2, 4.3 and 4.4.

I'll start with AAMVA best practices. There are four components for best practices for temporary plates: design, display, administrative agency processes, and then fraud prevention.

On 4.1, design. The design best practice that AAMVA has established talks about the size and shape of the temporary tag. It also talks about the information that's included on the tag, VIN number, dealer, those pertinent identifiers that need to be on there. This is a

best practice that has been implemented by the agency.

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Practice 4.2, the display. AAMVA emphasizes the importance of ensuring consistency with display of temporary tags and metal plates, that they be permanently affixed to the rear of the vehicle so that they're visible by law enforcement and other people that may need to access or read the tag. That is a best practice that has also been implemented by the agency.

The third best practice, 4.3, administrative -and it says MVA, that's motor vehicle agency -- so
administrative and internal agency processes. This talks
about being able to query information that is on the
temporary tag.

And if you'll remember, in one of our most recent enhancements going back to June of 2021, we launched an implementation that allowed law enforcement officers that are on the side of the road to query a temporary tag and get the return of the buyer, seller, and the location of the dealer to determine the legitimacy of the paper tag. So that is an enhancement that has been rolled out by the agency for more than six months now, so that best practice has been implemented.

The last one in particular on 4.4, as it relates to fraud prevention and security of temporary license plates issued, this one will be fully implemented

once we have fully implemented House Bill 3927.

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To jog your memory on House Bill 3927, it did two things. The first thing that it did is help the agency establish maximum tag limits, which the Board voted on to be effective immediately. Our programming is in place now and with our next release later this month, the maximum tag limits will be effective and that will be in action.

The next thing that 3927 did is it established the denial process for those that are suspected of committing fraud. That is also an implementation as part of 3927. So from a prevention standpoint we have some mechanisms that have been passed by the legislature and rules that have been passed by this Board that will help us fulfill this best practice for fraud prevention.

We also understand that a comprehensive antifraud strategy encompasses three components, and the three
components are fraud prevention, so what are we doing as
an agency from a fraud prevention standpoint? What are we
doing as an agency from a fraud detection standpoint? And
then lastly, what are we doing from an investigative
standpoint? So that's the lens that we have been looking
through as we're looking at best practices and we're
conducting our internal and external research.

We also recognize that this is a complex issue,

it has a lot of urgency behind it, and because of that there are many divisions that have collaborated on this effort -- the Motor Vehicle Division, the Enforcement Division, our Information Technology Services Division, our Vehicle Titles and Registration Division, our General Counsel's Office and the Executive Director's Office -- to ensure that we're identifying those enhancements that are needed to combat temporary tag fraud.

2.3

All of these best practices form AAMVA have been implemented once House Bill 3927 is fully implemented, and to restate what this will do for us, it will establish the max tag limits, it will establish the denial process, but lastly, it's going to give us a mechanism for advanced reporting capability.

There's a theory we're pushing and pulling information, and for fraud detection and prevention, it's good the information is pushed. After 3927 is fully implemented we will have advanced reporting mechanisms to detect anomalies where our Enforcement Division and our Motor Vehicle Division can be aware sooner of irregular activity. That's another benefit from the implementation of House Bill 3927.

The second item that I wanted to brief you on are development of enhancements to the temp tag system.

We've conducted a close examination of the eTAG system,

the temporary tag system -- they're one and the same,
eTAG -- and we've identified additional enhancements and
safeguards that we have prioritized, and we're working
with our Information Technology Division to determine what
the lift is going to be, how complex is the programming
going to be so that we can continue to combat temporary
tag fraud.

2.3

Some things that we're considering, VIN decoding. We think it's important when the 17-character VIN is inserted into the system that it be validated. The only way that that VIN can be validated is if we use VIN decoding.

Right now we recently had an enhancement in December to stop special characters and the copying and pasting of VIN numbers that were fictitious into the system. We didn't establish on the amount of characters, or we didn't require that it had to be 17 characters, and the reason why is because there are some states that have more than 17 VINs, Michigan in particular, there are older vehicles that weren't required to have 17 VINs so if there's a person-to-person sale or if a person trades in a classic vehicle to a dealership, that dealership needs to be able to determine the authenticity of the vehicle. So we want to make sure that we're incorporating VIN decoding moving forward, as well as NMVTIS verification to ensure

that vehicles aren't stolen.

2.3

Other things that we're considering internally are limiting the amount of accounts for each dealership, ensuring that there is a name associated with one email address.

Other things that we're considering as well is called multi-factor authentication, so you may have seen this with systems that you're working with now in your professional life, where you log into a system, and after you log into a system you receive an email or a text message or a phone call verifying that you're the person that's trying to log into the system.

There are additional enhancements that are being sold by private vendors that include biometrics, that include facial recognition, and any and all measures are being considered by the agency to combat temporary tag fraud. Those are just a few examples of some of the items that we've identified internally.

The third item that I wanted to discuss was the research and analysis that we've conducted with other states and private entities. Specifically, we have reached out to six states, and we have an additional 42 states that we have sent a request to so that we can learn what they are doing in the temporary tag space.

Some things that we are trying to determine in

our research with these other states: what's working from a best practices standpoint; what are you doing in addition to the best practices that have been established from AAMVA with their 2020 guide; what types of issues are you seeing with temporary tags; what controls are in place now, what technologies are being used.

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And then lastly, we want to make sure we compile all of our research and analysis and we identify those items that are needed to fulfill those gaps that we have at the department so that we can continue to combat temporary tag fraud.

We've also conducted some external research with private entities, and these private entities that we have already spoken to, and we have a number of meetings and calls that are scheduled with other entities so that we can continue to explore what we're calling tamper-evident products and services.

These tamper-evident products include inks, holograms that can be placed on secure paper, serial numbers that are affixed to paper, or seals, digital seals.

And we're also researching vendors that offer digital identity solutions that include facial recognition when you're logging into a system. So there's a number of companies that offer these types of digital solutions, and

we want to make sure that we're exploring any and all possibilities.

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In summary, we want to continue to review and fully implement AAMVA best practices, which will be fully implemented with the implementation of House Bill 3927.

We want to continue to collaborate internally. We understand that this is a complex issue.

We want to continue to work with our
Information Technology Division, our Executive Director's
Office, our Enforcement Division, our Motor Vehicle
Division, and make sure that we coordinate. We want to
continue to see our max tag limits and denial process
implemented through fruition. We understand the benefit
that that's going to yield for us moving forward.

We want to prioritize our enhancements and the safeguards that we've already identified. And then lastly, we want to continue to conduct research and analysis with other states and other private entities so that we can continue to identify best practices, procedures, products, and other services that would help us improve eTAG regulation.

With that, members, I'll take any questions that you have.

MR. SCOTT: Board members have any questions?

MS. McRAE: I would just like to say I am very

1	much in favor of the VIN verification and the NMVTIS
2	verification. I think that that is definitely a step in
3	the right direction, so I'm glad to hear that, I'm happy
4	to hear that.
5	MR. LUNA: Thank you, Member McRae.
6	MR. SCOTT: The question I have, now where are
7	we on the implementation of denial of access?
8	MR. LUNA: So that will be part of our release
9	at the end of the month on February 28.
10	Is that date correct, Ms. Mellott? It should
11	be the last Saturday in February. On max tag limits?
12	MS. MELLOTT: No. We're talking about denial.
13	MR. LUNA: Denial. We have two phases of 3927.
14	The first phase of 3927 is going to be establishing our
15	max tag limits, which will be the last Saturday of
16	February.
17	MR. SCOTT: Right.
18	MR. LUNA: The denial process will be the
19	release after that. Is that correct, Brian?
20	MR. SCOTT: That's now how I understood that.
21	MR. GE: Brian Ge, managing attorney.
22	So for the denial process, right now we have a
23	manual process which I can just go in and turn someone off
24	in about three minutes after we send out the required

notice. The functionality right now is estimated for, I

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1	think, end of June or end of July, the release after this
2	release, and I cannot speak to our release schedule.
3	MR. SCOTT: Okay. Let's talk about what you
4	just said, though.
5	MR. GE: Yes, sir.
6	MR. SCOTT: So you there's a manual process in
7	place now.
8	MR. GE: Yes, sir.
9	MR. SCOTT: For denial of access. Right?
10	MR. GE: Yes, sir.
11	MR. SCOTT: But you said it takes just a few
12	minutes after you've sent out the notice.
13	MR. GE: Yes, sir.
14	MR. SCOTT: So I mean, is there a time period
15	after the notice is sent before you can manually shut off,
16	or can you put the letter in the outgoing mail and shut
17	off?
18	MR. GE: So as soon as we send the electronic
19	notice, I go in and turn it off.
20	MR. SCOTT: All right. So it can be done
21	instantaneous, right away.
22	MR. GE: Yes, sir.
23	MR. SCOTT: Okay. That clears that up. Thank
24	you.
25	MS. BARRON: And the release is at the end of

July, or actually it's middle of July, and that will 1 2 implement the automation of it, so we won't have to 3 manually try to ensure the process; it will automatically 4 deny. 5 MR. SCOTT: Okay. What is the -- how does that 6 work, the automatic? 7 MS. BARRON: I don't know the specifics. 8 Brian, you may want to -- the subject matter expert. 9 MR. GE: I can talk about. Brian Ge, managing 10 attorney. 11 So the automated process would be we go into 12 our case management system, we can see the case that's 13 opened. Once that notification has been sent, I literally 14 click a button, and everything happens behind the scenes 15 to process that denial of access, whereas right now I 16 would need to log into a separate system, go adjust the 17 dealer's permissions so that they can't issue any more tags. It eliminates that step, all I have to do is click 18 19 a button. 20 MR. SCOTT: So we've had the ability for, quote, immediate denial of access since the last meeting. 21 22 Correct? 2.3 MR. GE: Yes, sir. 24 MR. SCOTT: So have we activated that? Have we 25 done any denial of access since that meeting?

MR. GE: Yes, sir. We denied six dealers 1 2 access to the system. 3 MR. SCOTT: Very good. 4 MS. McRAE: You said six? 5 MR. GE: Yes, ma'am 6 MR. SCOTT: Okay. So in your estimation, 7 Brian, that's working well? 8 MR. GE: Yes, sir. 9 MR. SCOTT: We have a process where we're 10 making progress trying to get this stuff shut down? 11 MR. GE: Yes, sir. And not only are we getting 12 them shut off fairly quickly, we are also giving them the 13 due process that they're owed. They go through a full 14 inspection; we have all the evidence that we need to 15 support revoking their license before we shut them down, 16 and we're doing that quickly. 17 It's not a multi-week, multi-month process, it's we go out, we find the evidence, we reach out to TACs 18 19 across the state. Sometimes they can get us documents the 20 same day, and once we have those VIT statements and we 21 have that evidence that they are issuing more tags than 22 cars that they sold, three minutes. 2.3 MR. SCOTT: Okay. Let me back it up just 24 again. On the limit of temp tags, so today if we issue a

new license today to a new independent dealer today, how

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1	many tags do they get today?
2	MR. GE: They get 300 of each tag.
3	MR. SCOTT: Okay. So that part is already
4	implemented, the 600 limit.
5	MR. GE: No. The automatic limit will be
6	that will come in the release that comes at the end of
7	February.
8	MR. SCOTT: Okay. I think I'm missing
9	something here.
10	MS. AUCOIN: Chairman, if I may?
11	MR. SCOTT: Yes.
12	MS. AUCOIN: Aline Aucoin, for the record.
13	Our rules also need to become effective. The
14	rules are still with the Regulatory Compliance Division,
15	and we have not been approved to make the max tags rules
16	effective just yet.
17	MR. SCOTT: Okay. So how long does that take
18	normally?
19	MS. MELLOTT: Chairman Scott, for the record,
20	Shelly Mellott.
21	It could be a couple of weeks. You know, we
22	don't have any control over that.
23	MR. SCOTT: I understand that.
24	MS. MELLOTT: Because there was changes made to
25	the rule during the meeting. It had to go back to the

Regulatory Compliance Division to review it, and then we 1 have to get that back. 3 MR. SCOTT: But a couple of weeks is not 4 outside the ordinary? 5 MS. MELLOTT: No. 6 MR. SCOTT: Okay. So there's no indication 7 that there's a problem? I have not heard that there is. 8 MS. MELLOTT: 9 MS. McRAE: I was under the impression, I 10 think, as Member Scott, Chair Scott, that it was pretty much going to take effect that same day as soon as it was 11 filed. 12 1.3 MS. MELLOTT: Member McRae, for the record, 14 this is Shelly Mellott. 15 For the denial rules there were not changes 16 made to those, so those became effective the next day when 17 they got filed with the Texas Register. There were changes made by the Board to the tag 18 19 limit rules, so those had to go back to the Regulatory 20 Compliance Division before and get approved, and then they 21 come back and then they get filed. 22 MS. McRAE: Okay. Thank you. 2.3 MS. AUCOIN: For the record, Aline Aucoin. 24 And that's a statutory requirement; it's 25 outside of our control. Certainly the Board has authority

to adopt rules, but we're still subject to the statutory 1 2 requirement to get Regulatory Compliance Division okay for the rules, for certain rules. 3 MR. SCOTT: Any other questions from the Board? 4 5 (No response.) 6 MR. SCOTT: Okay. We will now move to agenda 7 item 5, which is closed session, and we will not have a 8 closed session today, so we're not taking up agenda item 5 9 or 6. 10 We will now move to agenda item 7, public 11 comment. 12 General Counsel, do we have any comments from 13 the public, anyone signed up for that? 14 MS. AUCOIN: Aline Aucoin, for the record. 15 No public comment. 16 MR. SCOTT: Okay. So hearing no request for 17 public comment, we'll move to agenda item 8, which is adjournment. Unless there's any further business, I would 18 19 like to entertain a motion to adjourn. 20 MS. McRAE: So moved. 21 MR. ALVARADO: Second. 22 MR. SCOTT: We have a motion from Member McRae, 2.3 second from Member Alvarado. 24 Board members, when I call your name, please 25 state your vote for the record.

1	Member Alvarado?
2	MR. ALVARADO: Aye.
3	MR. SCOTT: Member McRae?
4	MS. McRAE: Aye.
5	MR. SCOTT: Member Ramirez is absent today, and
6	I, Chairman Scott, vote aye. Let the record reflect the
7	vote is unanimous.
8	This meeting is adjourned.
9	(Whereupon, at 2:54 p.m., the meeting was
10	adjourned.)

1 CERTIFICATE 2 3 MEETING OF: TxDMV Legislative & Public Affairs Committee 4 5 LOCATION: Austin, Texas 6 DATE: February 9, 2022 7 I do hereby certify that the foregoing pages, numbers 1 through 45, inclusive, are the true, accurate, 8 9 and complete transcript prepared from the verbal recording made by electronic recording by Nancy H. King before the 10 11 Texas Department of Motor Vehicles. 12 DATE: February 17, 2022 13 14 15 16 17 18 /s/ Nancy H. King (Transcriber) 19 20 21 On the Record Reporting & 22 Transcription, Inc. 23 7703 N. Lamar Blvd., Ste 515 24 Austin, Texas 78752